



SmartPA Criteria Proposal

Drug/Drug Class:	Zokinvy Clinical Edit		
First Implementation Date:	TBD		
Proposed Date:	June 17, 2021		
Prepared for:	MO HealthNet		
Prepared by:	MO HealthNet/Conduent		
Criteria Status:	□Existing Criteria □Revision of Existing Criteria ⊠New Criteria		

Executive Summary

Purpose: Ensure appropriate utilization and control of Zokinvy[™] (Ionafarnib)

Why Issue Selected:

Zokinvy (Ionafarnib), FDA approved in November 2020, represents the first diseasemodifying treatment for Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) and Progeroid Laminopathies (PLs). HGPS and PLs are rare, genetic, and inevitably fatal conditions diagnosed between 9 and 24 months of age. According to the Progeria Research Foundation, as of September 30, 2020, there are 128 individuals worldwide living with HGPS and 51 with PLs, 18 and 13 of which live within the United States. HGPS is caused by pathogenic variants in the LMNA gene which leads to the synthesis of a truncated protein, progerin, which accumulates within the nuclear envelope and leads to cellular instability and premature aging. PLs are caused by pathogenic variants in either the LMNA gene and/or the ZMPSTE24 gene, and do not result in the production of progerin but are associated with disease characteristics and traits that overlap with Progeria. The characteristic appearance of premature aging is often associated with alopecia, head/facial abnormalities, cardiovascular disease, stroke, joint stiffness, and lipodystrophy. Atherosclerosis, the primary cause of premature death, occurs by age 13 on average. Zokinvy inhibits farnesyltransferase to prevent farnesylation and subsequent accumulation of progerin and progerin-like proteins in the inner nuclear membrane. Based on an analysis from GoodRx®, Zokinvy is ranked as the second most expensive medication in the United States with an annual estimated cost of \$1,032,480. Due to the high cost and specific approved indications, MO HealthNet will impose clinical criteria to ensure appropriate utilization of Zokinvy.

Program-Specific Information:

Drug	Cost per capsule	Cost per bottle of 30 capsules
ZOKINVY 50 MG CAPSULE	\$714.13 MAC	\$21,423.90 MAC
ZOKINVY 75 MG CAPSULE	\$1,071.19 MAC	\$32,135.70 MAC

Type of Criteria:	☐ Increased risk of ADE☒ Appropriate Indications	□ Preferred Drug List☑ Clinical Edit
Data Sources:	☐ Only Administrative Databases	☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied

Setting & Population

- Drug class for review: Zokinvy[™] (Ionafarnib)
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

Approval Criteria

- Prescribed by or in consultation with a geneticist or other specialist in the treated disease state AND
- Documented diagnosis of HGPS or processing-deficient PLs with either heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation or homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations AND
- Participant has a BSA ≥ 0.39 m² AND
- Participant is not currently pregnant

Denial Criteria

- Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met
- Concurrent therapy with midazolam, lovastatin, simvastatin, or atorvastatin in the past 45 days

Required Documentation

Laboratory Results:	X	Progress Notes:	
MedWatch Form:		Other:	X

Disposition of Edit

Denial: Exception code "0682" (Clinical Edit)

Rule Type: CE

Default Approval Period

1 year

References

- ZOKINVY™ (Ionafarnib) [package insert]. Palo Alto, CA: Eiger BioPharmaceuticals, Inc.; November 2020.
- NIH: U.S. National Library of Medicine. Phase II Trial of Lonafarnib (a Farnesyltransferase Inhibitor) for Progeria. https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT00425607?term=NCT00425607&draw=2&rank=1. 10 December 2020.
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD): Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria.
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- Gordon, L.B, Shappell, H., Massaro, J., et.al. Association of Lonafarnib Treatment vs No Treatment with Mortality Rate in Patients with Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome. JAMA. 2018 April 24; 319(16):1687-1695. 10 December 2020.
- Dorado, B., Ploen G.G., Barettino, A., et al. Generation and characterization of a novel knockin minipig model of Hutchinson-Gilford progeria syndrome. Cell Discovery. https://www.nature.com/articles/s41421-019-0084-z#citeas. 10 December 2020.

SmartPA Clinical Proposal Form

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